QUESTION ONE KAMWALA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (KCL)

1. BACKGROUND

Kamwala Constructions Limited (KCL) is a privately owned medium sized company. KCL's core business is construction, with clients ranging from the public and private sector, including individuals. In recent years, KCL has participated in the construction of roads and other infrastructure in the various parts of Zambia.

KCL is a family owned business with the following as shareholders:

Mr John Pulis	Managing Director	_	30% shareholding
Mrs Julia Pulis	Finance Director	-	20% shareholding
Mr Cantona Pulis	Marketing Director	-	20% shareholding
Mr Sheatle Pulis	Non-executive director	-	20% shareholding
Mrs Karen Pulis	Non-executive director	-	10% shareholding

Mr John Pulis is the chairman and managing director.

Despite the fact that the company has grown significantly over the last seven years, only a small skeleton staff has been maintained. The accounting personnel mainly focus on processing the day to day transactions, with Mrs Julia Pulis exercising strict control on bankings. Consequently, no proper financial statements have been compiled for the current year. The last financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 were compiled by Mrs Julia Pulis and are still in draft form.

Following recent enquiries from the Zambia Revenue Authority (ZRA), the board have decided to obtain the services of an accounting firm to help them up-date their financial statements. One of the junior accounting personnel has recommended that Puta Financial Services (PFS) Ltd be approached for these services.

2. APPOINTMENT OF CONSULTING ACCOUNTANT

Your firm, Puta Financial Services (PFS) Ltd have been approached to assist KCL with the compilation of financial statements under the following terms:

- a) Your role is to compile draft financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2010.
- b) The pressure to finalise these accounts has arisen from the recent pronouncements from the Zambia Revenue Authority that small and medium sized companies would now be required to submit financial statements with an accountant's report from a qualified and registered accountant with the Zambia Institute of Chartered Accountants (ZICA).
- c) The compilation of the draft financial statements should be completed by the end of March 2011.
- d) Mr John Pulis has suggested that KCL can only afford a fixed fee of K15 million for this assignment.

You have decided to accept the appointment as accountant and consultant. The date now is 1 March 2011.

3. FINDINGS

Following your appointment, you conducted several enquiries and held several meeting with the directors. The results of your enquiries and meetings provided that:

- a) The previous accountants expressed reservations on the financial statements as many of the figures included in the financial statements did not agree with the underlying records, especially with regard to transactions conducted by the directors on behalf of KCL.
- b) The taxation and inventory figures were estimates and the accountant is expected to review these figures once the financial statements were finalised. The managing director has informed you that it is

not common practice for KGL to undertake inventory counts for the purpose of finalising financial statements. Furthermore, the inventory records were not up to date. Accordingly, the accountant is expected to suggest a reasonable inventory figure to ensure that the resulting taxation charge is affordable

- c) The managing director and other directors seem to conduct business on behalf of KCL when they travel out of Zambia and buy a lot of materials on behalf of KCL. These are charged to cost of sales and credited to shareholder's loans
- d) The management and direction of KCL is wholly dominated by John Pulis. Other directors seem very comfortable with this situation and express complete confidence and trust in John.

4. WORKING PAPERS

Your senior accountant Francis Nkole has since compiled the first draft set of financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. The financial statements compiled include the statement of financial position and the statement of income, including relevant supporting accounting policies and notes. However the statement of cash flows has not yet been prepared.

KAMWALA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (KCL)

Statement of Director's Responsibilities For the year ended 31 December 2010

Companies Act 1994 requires directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit and loss for the period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors' are required to:

- a) Select suitable accounting policies and the apply the consistently
- b) Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- c) State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed
- d) Prepare the financial statements on an going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1994. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

The Board of Directors confirm that in their opinion:

- a) The financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2010 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- b) At that date of the this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when these fall due; and
- c) The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with applicable accounting standards

DIRECTOR	DIRECTOR
Signed aton	
This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of	of the directors
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KAMWALA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (KCL) <u>Statement of Income</u>

Statement of Income For the year ended 31 December 2010

		2010	2009
	NOTE	K'000	K'000
Turnover	3	29,264,959	24,079,384
		=======	
Profit/(Loss) before taxation		-1,643,509	-455,482
Taxation	6	-95,000	-114,870
Retained (loss) for the year		-1,738,509	-570,352
		=======	

Statement of Changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2010

For the year chaca 31 December 2010					
		K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
As at a1 April 2008		20,000	445,230	-174,520	290,710
Loss after taxation		0	0	-570,352	-570,352
As at 31 March 2009		20,000	445,230	-744,872	-279,642
		======	======	======	======
As at 1 April 2009		20,000	445,230	-744,872	-279,642
Movement during the	year	0	17,022	-1,738,509	-1,721,487
As at 31 March 2010		20,000	462,252	-2,483,381	-2,001,129
		======	======	========	======

KAMWALA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (KCL) Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2010

		2010	2009
	NOTE	K'000	K'0000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		4,651,210	2,264,665
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		12,500,048	6,908,306
Trade and other receivables		6,296,447	8,860,843
Cash and bank balances		565,604	630,100
Taxation		749,506	56,318
		20,111,605	16,455,567
TOTAL ASSETS		24,762,815	18,720,232
		=======	=======
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital		20,000	20,000
Revaluation surplus		462,252	445,230
Retained reserves		-2,483,381	-744,872
		-2,001,129	-279,642
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Shareholder's loan		672,399	142,288
Long term loans		1,634,318	2,477,531
Other loans		474,024	117,408
		2,780,741	2,737,227
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		23,093,131	14,582,711
Bank overdraft		890,072	1,679,936
		23,983,203	16,262,647
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		24,762,815	18,720,232
		========	=======

<u>KAMWALA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (KCL)</u> Notes to the Financial Statements – 31 December 2010

1. Significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified by the revaluation of certain assets and have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets over their expected useful lives on a straight line/reducing basis at the following annual rates

Motor vehicles 20% Equipment, furniture and fittings 30% Land and buildings 2%

Investment properties

During the year, KCL acquired an investment property. Although the directors have selected the fair value model, the investment property has been included in buildings and is being treated in the same way as other buildings.

Leasing transactions

During the year, KCL entered into various lease agreements to hire plant and equipment. Most of these agreements are short agreements lasting not more than two years. However, it is common practice for KCL to renew these short term agreements every year. Lease charges have been expensed and included in hiring charges.

Provision for repairs and refurbishments

During the year, the company planned to undertake major repairs on its plant and equipment. The estimated costs amounting to K 150 million have been included in repairs and as provisions in other payables.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the net amount raised and invoiced excluding value added tax. KCL recognises revenue in accordance with the accruals and matching concept. Accordingly, no profit is taken into account until the contract is completed, regardless of the value of work done at the statement of financial position in relation to the total contract price

2. Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss and cash flows for the year. In preparing those accounts, the directors have selected suitable accounting policies and then applied consistently, made adjustments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and followed applicable accounting standards

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

3. Income recognition

Revenue represents the net amount raised and invoiced excluding value added tax.

4. Property, plant and equipment

During the year KCL revalued its plant and equipment resulting in a revaluation surplus of K17.022 million. The depreciation for the year amounted to K615.378 million

QUESTION ONE

SECTION A

- 1) In relation to your appointment as company consultant and accountant for KCL,
 - a) List and briefly describe SIX ethical and professional matters raised by the prospective appointment to provide professional services to Kamwala Constructions Limited (KCL)

(12 marks)

b) Comment on suitable course of action that should be taken by your firm in response to each of the SIX ethical and professional issues raised in (a) above.

(12 marks)

- 2) Statement of cash flows
 - a) Using the draft set of financial statements prepared by your senior accountant, prepare a statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2010, in accordance with the requirements of IAS 7, using the indirect method (25 marks)
 - b) Discuss the usefulness of the statement of cash flows such as the one prepared in (a) above.

(5 marks)

SECTION B

3) In relation to the statement of accounting policies for KCL, discuss the extent to which the policies relating to the following comply with applicable accounting standards:

a) Revenue (9 marks)
b) Lease transactions (9 marks)
c) Investment properties (8 marks)

- 4) Assuming that you are satisfied with the basis and preparation of these financial statements, draft the specimen report that you would issue as the reporting accountant for the financial statements of KCL for the year ended 31 December 2010. (10 marks)
- 5) With reference to accounting policy relating to repairs and refurbishments, comment on the suitability of the accounting treatment applied by KCL. You should support your answer with appropriate international accounting standards (10 marks)